

# FACULTY OF ARTS & SOCIAL SCIENCES

## SYLLABUS

FOR

### M. A. (SOCIOLOGY) (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER: I-IV)

Examinations: 2019-20



---

## GURU NANAK DEV UNIVERSITY AMRITSAR

---

- Note:** (i) Copy rights are reserved.  
Nobody is allowed to print it in any form.  
Defaulters will be prosecuted.
- (ii) Subject to change in the syllabi at any time.  
Please visit the University website time to time.

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER SYSTEM)

**Semester – I:**

	<b>Marks</b>
Paper – I: CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION	100
Paper – II: METHODOLOGY OF SOCIAL RESEARCH	100
Paper – III: SOCIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE AND FAMILY	100
<b>Any one of the following:-</b>	
Paper – IV: (Option-1) - GENDER AND SOCIETY	100
Paper – IV: (Option-2) - RURAL SOCIOLOGY	100

**Total: 400****Semester – II:****Marks**

Paper – I: THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY	100
Paper – II: TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL RESEARCH	100
<b>Any two of the following:-</b>	
Paper – III & IV: (Option 1) - SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT	100
Paper – III & IV: (Option 2) - POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	100
Paper – III & IV: (Option 3) - SOCIOLOGY OF POPULATION	100

**Total: 400****Semester-III:****Marks**

PAPER I: INTERPRETATIVE SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY	100
PAPER II: SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND SOCIAL MOBILITY	100
<b>Any two of the following:-</b>	
PAPER III & IV: (Option-1) - RURAL DEVELOPMENT	100
PAPER III & IV: (Option 2) - SOCIAL STATISTICS	100
PAPER III & IV: (Option 3) - URBAN STUDIES	100
PAPER III & IV (Option 4) – MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY	100

**Total: 400****Semester-IV:****Marks**

PAPER-I: PERSPECTIVES ON INDIAN SOCIETY	100
<b>Any three of the following:-</b>	
PAPER II – IV: (Option 1) - ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY	100
PAPER II – IV: (Option 2) - URBANIZATION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT	100
PAPER II – IV: (Option 3) - SOCIOLOGY OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP	100
PAPER II – IV: (Option 4) - INDIAN DIASPORA	100

**Total: 400**

M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-I)  
Paper I CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL TRADITION

**Time: 3Hrs**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Historical and socio-economic background of the emergence of sociology. Enlightenment and conservative reaction

**Karl Marx:** Dialectics, Materialistic interpretation of history-mode of production and base and superstructure; emergence of capitalism, theory of capitalist development – Commodities, surplus value, and processes of capitalism, class and class conflict, and alienation.

**Section – B**

**Max Weber:** Theory of Social action, analysis of modern capitalism, emergence of Capitalism with reference to the relationship between Protestant ethic and spirit of capitalism, Authority and power – types of authority, bureaucracy, concepts of *verstehen* and ideal types.

**Section – C**

**Emile Durkheim:** Division of labour in Society – mechanical solidarity and organic solidarity, collective consciousness, explanation of increasing division of labour and pathological forms of division of labour, theory of suicide, theory of religion, and rules of sociological methods.

**Section – D**

**Vilfredo Pareto:** Logico-experimental method, logical and non-logical actions, classification of residues and derivatives, and circulation of elites.

**REFERENCES**

1. Adams, Bert N. & R.A. Sydie. 2001. *Sociological theory*. Delhi, Vistaar.
2. Aron, Raymond..1965. *Main currents in sociological thought*, Vols. I and II. Harmondsworth: Penguin.
3. Ashley, David & David Michael Orenstein.2007. *Sociological Theory: Classical Statements*. New Delhi: Pearson.
4. Coser, Lewis.1977. *Masters of sociological thought – Ideas in Historical and Social Context*. New York: Harcourt Brace Jovanovich,
5. Giddens, Anthony. 1997. *Capitalism and modern social theory*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
6. Judge, Paramjit S. 1997. *Samaj vigyanik drishtikon te sidhant*.(Punjabi). Patiala: Punjabi University Press.
7. Judge, Paramjit Singh.2009. *Max Weber* (Punjabi), New Delhi: Punjabi Academy.
8. Judge, Paramjit Singh, 2012 *Foundation of Classical Sociological Theory: Functionalism, Conflict and Action*, New Delhi: Pearson.
9. Zeitlin, Irving M. 1981. *Ideology and development of sociological theory*.Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-I)  
**Paper – II METHODOLOGY OF SOCIAL RESEARCH**

**Time: 3Hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Epistemology: Knowledge and its various sources. Positivist methodology with special reference to Comte and Durkheim.

Interpretative methodology with special reference to experiments in ethnomethodology and phenomenological methodology.

**Section – B**

Elements of Scientific methods and various steps in social research.

Basic concepts: Concept, hypothesis, theory and facts, facts and values.

**Section – C**

Ethical Issues in Social research.

Induction and deduction, propositions, syllogism and logical fallacies.

Pure and Applied research.

**Section – D**

Research Design and its Types:

Exploratory, descriptive, experimental, longitudinal and cross-sectional or comparative.

**REFERENCES**

1. Benn, S.I. & G.W.Mortimore 1976. *Rationality and social sciences: contributions to the philosophy and methodology of the social sciences*. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.
2. Benton, Ted. 1978. *Philosophical foundations of the three sociologists*. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.
3. Bleicher, Josef. 1980. *Contemporary hermeneutics: Hermeneutics as method, philosophy and critique*. London: Routledge and Kegan Paul.
4. Cohen, M.R. and E. Nagel. 1976. *An introduction to logic and scientific methods*. New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
5. Flyvbjerg, 2001. *Bent Making Social Science Matter*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
6. Goode, W.I. And P.K.Hatt. 1952. *Methods in social research*. Tokyo: McGraw-Hill.
7. Neuman, W. Lawrence. 2007. *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*. New Delhi: Pearson.
8. Sellitz, C. et. Al. 1976. *Research Methods in social relations*. New York: Rinehart and Winsten.
9. Starbuck, William H. 2006. *The Production of Knowledge*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-I)  
**Paper III SOCIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE AND FAMILY**

**Time: 3Hrs**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Sociological Perspectives on Marriage and Family

Marriage: Conceptual difficulties, forms, significance, mate selection in India and the West, Changing trends in marriage. Divorce, Widowhood and Remarriage.

**Section – B**

Family: Family, Forms, functions, and Development Cycle of family in India.

Joint Family: Forms and functions.

**Section – C**

Impact of Industrialization, Urbanization and Modernization on Joint Family. Future of Family : Emerging alternatives.

**Section – D**

Kinship-Concept, Significance, forms and terminology.

**REFERENCES**

1. Ahuja Ram. 1993. *Indian Social System*. Jaipur.: Rawat.
2. A.M.Shah. 1998. *Family in India*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
3. Fox, Robin. 1967. *Kinship and Marriage*. Harmondsworth : Penguin Books..
4. Goode William J. 1975. *The Family*. New Delhi. Prentice Hall of India.
5. Gore, M.S. 1968. *Urbanisation and Family Change*. Bombay: Popular Parkashan.
6. Gupta S.K. 1996 'Young People – Their Values and Beliefs Concerning Marriage and Family in India', *Guru Nanak Journal of Sociology*, 17(2):37-60..
7. Knox David and Caroline Schacht. 1991. *Choices in Relationship – An Introduction to Marriage and Family*. U.S.A: West Pub Company.
8. Mandelbaum, David G. 1972 *Society in India*. Bombay :. Popular Parkashan.
9. Patel, Tulsi . 2005. *Family in India*. New Delhi: Sage.
10. Ross, A. D. 1973. *The Hindu Family in its Urban Setting*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
11. Shah A.M. 1998. *Family in India*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
12. Shah A.M. 1996. Is the Joint Household Disintegrating? *EPW*, 31: 537-542.
13. Singh J.P 2003. Nuclearisation of Household & Family in Urban India. *Sociological Bulletin*. 52: 52-70.
14. Uberoi, Patricia 1994. *Family, Kinship and Marriage in India*. Bombay: Oxford University Press.
15. Sandhu, Jasmeet. 2016. *Marriage and Family in India*. Jaipur. Rawat.

M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-I)  
**Paper IV (Option-1) GENDER AND SOCIETY**

**Time: 3Hrs**

**Max.Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

**Social Construction of Gender:** Sex, Gender, Gender Roles, Gender Relations, Gender Spaces and Gender Identities. **Basic understanding of Patriarchy,** Masculinity and Femininity.

**Perspectives on Gender:** (i) Feminist: Liberalistic, Radical, Socialist, Post modernist.

**Section – B**

**Gender gaps and Gender Inequality:** Health and Education – Demographic; Economic: Work, Income, Property, Productive Unproductive; Power: Domestic Power Structure, Community Power Structure, Gender Inequality and Violence.

**Section – C**

**Gender and Development:** Women in Development, Women and Development, UN and Women Development, Women as agency, Gender and Development, Critique of Development Paradigm from Gender Perspective.

**Section – D**

**Gender Empowerment:** Role of State and NGOs for Women Empowerment-from basic needs to strategic interests, from women Empowerment framework to a Critique towards Gender Empowerment.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Avasthi, Abha and A.K. Srivastava (eds.).2001.*Modernity Feminism and Women Empowerment*, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
2. Ashok Kumar(ed.).1993. *Women in Contemporary Indian Society*. Vol. 1&2, New Delhi:. Anmol Publications.
3. Banerjee, N. 1985. *Women Workers in the Unorganized Sector – The Calcutta Experience*.Hyderabad.: Sangam Book.
4. Dharmarajan, Shivani .2007. *NGOs As Prime Movers*. New Delhi: Kanishka.
5. Kramer, Laura.2004. *The Sociology of Gender*, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
6. Mitra, Jyoti.1997. *Women and Society*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers.
7. Nitya Rao. et. al (ed).1996. *Sites of Change-The Structural Context for Empowering Women in India*.New Delhi: Tulika.
8. Reddy, Narayana. et. al. (eds.).2005. *Women in Development, Challenges and Achievements*, New Delhi: Serials Publications.
9. Rahman, Zainab.2005. *Women and Society*.Delhi: Kalpaz Publications.
10. Sharan, Raka:1999. Position of Indian Women in the Power Structure, *Guru Nanak Journal of Sociology*, Vol. 20, Nos.1-2, Pp.63-80.
11. S. Ram (ed.).2003. *Encyclopedia of Women and Social Change*.Vol.2,New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers.
12. Saha, Chandana.2003. *Gender Equity and Equality Study of Girl Child in Rajasthan*, New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

13. Sharma, S.L.2000. *Empowerment without Antagonism: A Case for Reformation of Women's Empowerment Approach*, Sociological Bulletin, 49(i): 19-40.
14. Bal, Gurpreet. 2016. *Contemporary Gender Issues: Identity, Status and Empowerment*. Jaipur: Rawat.
15. Gill, Rajesh. 2017. *Gender, Patriarchy and Violence*. Jaipur, Rawat Publication.

M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-I)  
**Paper IV (Option-2) RURAL SOCIOLOGY**

**Time: 3 Hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

**Introduction to Rural societies and village**

Rural sociology; Village as a community; Villages: History, colonial experience, Modernity, Gandhi, Nehru and Ambedkar on villages.

**Section – B**

**Theoretical and methodological perspectives** on Village studies: - Structural-Functional, (M. N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube), Marxist Perspective (A. R. Desai), Subaltern (Ambedkar)

**Section – C**

**Rural society and social change**

Rural society- Caste, kinship, gender; rural society and economy; Culture, religion and ideology; Politics and power; Agrarian social structure- Punjab villages

**Section – D**

**Key issues in rural studies: the agrarian question**

Understanding Peasants: Peasants, economies, and resistance; Peasant movements and issues of caste, class and gender; Development, social change and state; labour in rural societies; Agrarian Distress, Rural society in Crisis? Agriculture and village.

**REFERENCES**

1. Bettle, Andre.1971. *Caste Class and Power*. California:University of California Press.
2. Chahal. T.S. 2005. *Forced Fall. : A Case of Punjab Farmers*. Amritsar: Institute of Development & Planning.
3. Desai, A. R. 1969. *Rural Sociology In India*.Bombay: Popular Parkashan,
4. Desai, A. R.1979. *Peasant Struggle in India*.Bombay: OUP.
5. Edelman, M. 2013. ‘What is a peasant? What are peasantries? A briefing paper on issues of definition’ , report on *United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Peasants and Other People Working in Rural Areas*, 2013
6. Gill, M. S.2003. *Punjab Society*.New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
7. Jodhka, S. 2002.National and Village. EPW, 37(32): 3343-3354.
8. Joshi, P. C.1975. *Land Reforms In India*.Bombay: Allied Publishers, Bombay, 1975.
9. Kainth, G.S.2009. *Managing Rural Finance in India*, New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
10. Madan, Vandana (2002). *The Village in India*. New Delhi: OUP.



## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-I)

11. Meeta Rajivlochan.2005. *Farmers' Suicide: Facts and Possible Policy Intervention*.Pune:  
12. Yashwantrao Chavan Academy of Development Administration.
13. Naidu, K. M.1994. *Peasant Movements in India*.New Delhi: Reliance Publishing house.
14. Sharma, K. L.1997. *Rural Sociology in India*.Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
15. Srinivas, M. N.1969 *Indian Villages*.Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
16. Srinivas, M. N.1980. *Indian Social Structure*.New Delhi: Hindustan Publishing Company.

M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-II)  
**Paper-I THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY**

**Time: 3Hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Nature and types of sociological theory

Structuralism: Assumptions and postulates, Contributions of S.F. Nadel, and C. Levi- Strauss, Althusser.

**Section –B**

Functionalism : Premises and Propositions, Contributions of B. Malinowski, A. R. Radcliffe-Brown , Talcott Parsons and R.K.Merton.

**Section –C**

Conflict: Assumptions and Propositions, Contributions of Karl Marx, Ralf Dahrendorf, Lewis A. Coser.

**Section –D**

New Trends in these Perspectives:

Post Structuralism: M. Foucault- Discourse; J. Derrida-Deconstruction.

Neofunctionalism: J. Alexander.

Structuration: A. Giddens.

**REFERENCES**

1. Abraham, M.F. 2006. *Contemporary Sociology. an introduction to Concepts and theories*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press. Pp.19-35.
2. Abraham, M.F. 1982. *Modern Sociological Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
3. Adams, Bert N. and Sydie, R.A. 2002 *Sociological Theory*. New Delhi: Vistaar.
4. Clarke, S. 1981 *The Foundation of Structuralism*. Brighton: Harvest Press.
5. Colomy, P. 1990. *Neofunctionalist Sociology*. London: Edward Elgar.
6. Craib, Ian 1992 *Modern social theory: From Parsons to Habermas*. London: Harvester Press.
7. Dahrendorf, Ralf .1959. *Class and class conflict in industrial society*. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
8. Derek, Layder. 2006. *Understanding Social Theory*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
9. Giddens, A. 1987 *Social Theory and Modern Sociology*. Cambridge: Polity Press.
10. Helle, H.J. and S.N. Eisenstadt (eds.). 1985. *Macro-Sociological Theory*. London: Sage.
11. Lane, M. (ed.). 1970 *.Structuralism : A Reader*. London: Jonathan Cape.
12. Judge, Paramjit S. 1997. *Samaj vigyanik drishtikon te sidhant*. Patiala: Punjabi University Press.
13. Roy Boyne.1994. Foucault and Derrida. *The other side of reason*. London: Routledge.
14. Sharrock W.W. et.al. 2003. *Understanding Modern Sociology*. New Delhi: Sage.
15. Turner, Jonathan, H. 1999. *The Structure of Sociological Theory*. Jaipur: Rawat.
16. Judge, Paramjit Singh, 2012 *Foundation of Classical Sociological Theory: Functionalism, Conflict and Action*, New Delhi: Pearson.

M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-II)  
**PAPER-II TECHNIQUES OF SOCIAL RESEARCH**

**Time: 3Hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

**Qualitative Research Techniques:** Observation, Interviews, Case study Method; Content Analysis,

**Section –B**

**Quantitative Research Techniques:** Questionnaire and Interview Schedule, Techniques of Interviewing, Sociometry.

**Section –C**

**Sampling:** Random, Stratified, Multi-stage, Cluster, Quota sampling, Sampling bias, Panel study.

**Section –D**

Tabulation, Data Analysis and Report writing

Use of computer and Internet for Sociological Research, Classic Studies: Durkheim and Statistics, M.N. Srinivas on field work.

**REFERENCES**

1. Berkley, K.D. 1978. *Methods of Social Research*. New York: Free Press.
2. Babbie, E. 2001. *The Practices of Social Research*. USA: Wordsworth.
3. Cargon Leonard. 2008. *Doing Social Research* (First Indian Reprint). New Delhi. Rawat.
4. DeVaus, D.A. 1996. *Surveys in Social Research*. London: Georg Allen & Unwin.
5. Durkheim, Emile. 1897. *Suicide*. Translations. J.A. Spaulding and George Simpson (1979) New York: Free Press.
6. Goode and Hatt. 1952. *Methods in Social Research*. Tokyo: McGraw Hill.
7. Kalton, Graham. 1983. *Introduction to Survey Sampling*. New Delhi: Sage.
8. Mayntz, Ro et al. 1976. *Introduction to Empirical Research*. Harmondsworth: Penguin.
9. Singh, Jaspal. 1996. *Introduction to Methods of Social Research*. New Delhi: Sterling.
10. Selltitz, C. 1976. *Research Method in Social Relations* (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition). NY: Holt, Rinehart & Witson.
11. Srinivas, M. N. Shah, A.M, Ramaswamy; S.A. (1979), *The Field Worker and the Field: Problems and Challenges in Sociological Investigation*. New Delhi. OUP.

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-II)

**Paper III & IV (Option 1)- SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section –A**

Changing conception of Development: Economic growth, Human Development, Social Development, Sustainable development

Critical Perspectives on Development: Ecological, liberal, Marxian and Feminist

**Section – B**

Theories of Development and Underdevelopment: Modernization theories, Centre peripheri, world systems and unequal exchange.

**Section – C**

Path and Agencies of Development: Capitalist, socialist, mixed economy, Gandhian, State, market, NGO's.

Social Structure and Development: Structure as a facilitator/inhibitor, development and socio-economic disparities, gender and development.

**Section – D**

Indian Experience of Development: Sociological appraisal of Five Year Plans, Social consequences of economic reforms, socio-cultural repercussions of globalization, social implications of Information Technology.

**REFERENCES**

1. Appadurai, Arjun. 1997. *Modernity at Large: Cultural Dimensions of Globalization*. New Delhi: OUP.
2. Amin, Samir. 1979. *Unequal Development*. New Delhi: OUP.
3. Dereze, Jean and Amartya Sen. 1996. *India: Economic Development and Social Opportunity*. New Delhi: OUP.
4. Haq, Mahbub Ul. 1991. *Reflections on Human Development*. New Delhi: OUP.
5. Harrison, D. 1989. *The Sociology of Modernization and Development*. New Delhi: Sage.
6. Peet, Richard. 2005. *Theories of Development*. Jaipur: Rawat.
7. Sandhu R.S., Sarup Singh and Jasmeet Sandhu. 2001. *Sustainable Human Settlements; The Asian Experience*. Jaipur: Rawat.
8. Sharma S.L. 1980. 'Criteria of Social Development' *Social Actions*.
9. Sharma S.L. 1986. *Development: Socio-cultural Dimensions*. Jaipur: Rawat.
10. Sharma S.L. 'Salience of Ethnicity in Modernization Evidence from India' *Sociological Bulletin*, 3(1): 33-51.
11. Sharma S.L. 1994. 'Perspective on Sustainable Development in South Asia: The case of India', in Sumad (ed.) *Perspectives on Sustainable Development in Kuala Lumpur*: AD.PA.
12. Sharma S.L. 2000. 'Empowerment without Antagonism: A case of Reformulation of
13. Women's Empowerment Approach', *Sociological Bulletin*, 49(1).
14. UNDP. 1997. *Human Development Report*. New York: OUP.
15. Wallerstein I Manual. 1974. *The Modern World System*. New York: OUP.
16. World Commission on Environment and Development – *Our Common Future*; Brundtland Report, 1987: New Delhi, OUP.

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-II)

**Paper III & IV (Option 2)- POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Basic concepts: Political sphere, power, authority, conflict, violence, and problem of order.  
Approaches: Marxist, Functional, and System.

**Section – B**

Political Organisations: Political parties and bureaucratization of political parties, pressure groups, and factions

**Section –C**

Polity and its relation with caste and economy.  
Political processes: Nativism in relation to internal migration, and Communalism.

**Section –D**

Social movements: definition, types and causes; and some social movements in India: Arya Samaj, Moplah Uprisings, Telengana, and Naxalite. Globalization and Nation State, Nationalism and nation building in India.

**REFERENCES**

1. Almond, G. and J.I. Coleman. 1970. *Politics of developing areas*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
2. Balandier, Georges. 1972. *Political anthropology*. Harmondsworth: Penguin.
3. Brass, Paul. 1991. *Ethnicity and nationalism*. New Delhi: Sage.
4. Dowse, Robert E. and John A. Hughes. 1975. *Political Sociology*: London: Wiley & Sons.
5. Judge, Paramjit S. 1992. *Insurrection to agitation: The Naxalite movement in Punjab*. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
6. Kothari, Rajni. 1970. *Caste in Indian politics*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
7. Pizzorno, A.(ed.). 1971. *Political Sociology*. Harmondsworth: Penguin.
8. Puri, Harish K. and Paramjit S. Judge. 2000. *Social and political movements: A reader on Punjab*. Jaipur: Rawat.
9. Smith Anthony. 1986. *Ethnic origin of nations*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
10. Weiner, Myron. 1978. *Sons of soil*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-II)  
**Paper III & IV (Option 3) – SOCIOLOGY OF POPULATION**

**Time: 3Hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 100**

**Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Importance of scientific study of population, sources of Demographic Data and age and sex composition.

Theories of Population: Malthusian, Post-Malthusian and Theory of Demographic Transition.

**Section – B**

Fertility : Concept, measurement, Factors affecting Fertility and Fertility in India.

**Section – C**

Mortality : Measurement, Analysis by age, Infant and child mortality and Mortality in India.

**Section – D**

Migration : Types, measurement, causes and consequences.

Population growth and Population Policy in India.

**REFERENCES**

1. Bogue, D.J.1969. *Principles of Demography*.New Yark: John Wiley.
2. Cox,Peter.K.1970.*Demography*.Cambridge:Cambridge University Press.
3. Haq, Ehsanul.2007. : *Sociology of Population*.New Delhi: MacMillan.
4. Heer,David M.1975. *Society and Population*.Englewood Cliff: Prentice Hall.
5. Kammeyer,K.C.W. and H. Ginn : *An Introduction to Population*.Chicago: Dorsey Press.
6. Matras, J.1977. *Introduction to Population – A Sociological Approach*.Englewood cliff: Prentice Hall.
7. Premi M.K. et al.2003. *Social Demography*.New Delhi: Jawahar Publications.
8. Sandhu, Jasmeet.1996. *Sociology of Fertility*.Jaipur: Rawat.
9. Thompson, W.S. and David T.Lewis.1965. *Population Problems*.New Yark: McGraw Hill.
10. Dasgupta Samir. 2012. *Social Demography*. Delhi: Peterson

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

**Paper I: INTERPRETATIVE SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Action Approach: Contributions of Max Weber and Talcott Parsons

Symbolic Interactionism: Basic premises, Contributions of G.H. Mead, Herbert Blumer

**Section – B**

Phenomenology: Introduction to the perspective, Contributions of A.Schutz, and Peter Berger and Thomas Luckmann.

**Section – C**

Ethnomethodology: Origin of the term, Contribution of H. Garfinkel, and E. Goffman.

**Section – D**

Critical Theory and Neo Marxism: An Introduction to the perspective, Frankfurt School- J.Habermas and H.Marcuse, and A. Gramsci, and F. Fanon.

**References:**

1. Abraham, M.F.1982. *Modern Sociological theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
2. Adams, Bert N. and Sydie R.A. 2002. *Sociological theory*. New Delhi, Vistaar.
3. Berger P.L. and Luckmann, T.1967. *The social construction of Reality*. London: The Penguin Press.
4. Bottomore, Tom.1984. *The Frankfurt School*. London: Tavistock Publications.
5. Connerton, Paul (ed.). 1976. *Critical Sociology*. New York: Penguin Books.
6. Cuff, E.C. Payne, G.C.F. (ed.). 1979. *Perspectives in Sociology*. London: George Allen and Unwin.
7. Garfinkel, H. 1984. *Studies in Ethnomodology*. Cambridge: Polity Press.
8. Giddens, A. 1987. *Social Theory and Modern Sociology*, Cambridge: Polity Press.
9. Goffman, E. 1959. *The Presentation of Self in Everyday Life*. New York: Doubleday.
10. Habermas, J. 1984. *Theory of Communicative Action*. Cambridge: Polity Press.
11. Iving, M. Zeitlin.1987. *Rethinking Sociology*. Jaipur: Rawat.
12. Judge, Paramjit Singh.2009. *Max Weber*. New Delhi: Punjabi Academy.
13. Meltzer, B, et al. 1975. *Symbolic Interactionism*. London: Routledge & Kegan Paul.
14. Parsons, Talcott, 1972. *The Social System*.New Delhi: Amerind publishing Co.
15. Turner, Jonathan.H.1999. *The Structure of Sociological Theory*. Jaipur: Rawat.
16. Judge, Paramjit Singh, 2012 *Foundation of Classical Sociological Theory: Functionalism, Conflict and Action*, New Delhi: Pearson.”

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

**Paper II: SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND SOCIAL MOBILITY****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

**Social Stratification :** Concept, Characteristics, Processes, Consequences Dimensions and theories: Functional, Conflict power and Privileges.

**Section –B**

**Forms of Social Stratification:** Caste, Class, Gender, Social Stratification in Urban and Industrial Settings.

**Section – C**

Caste: Concept, As a system of Stratification,  
Class: Concept, As a system of stratification, Social Psychology of class, class consciousness.

**Section – D**

**Social Mobility:** Determinants, Patterns of Mobility in Caste and Class, Consequences. Changing Dimensions of Social Stratification. : Emergence of Middle Class system, Problem of Status-inconsistency.

**References:**

1. Bendix, R. and S.M. Lipset,(eds.).1966. *Class, Status and Power: Social Stratification in Comparative Perspective*.London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.
2. Beteille, Andre . 1971.*Caste, class and Power: Changing Patterns of Stratification in a Tanjore village*. London:Berkeley University.
3. Bhatt, Anil. 1975.*Caste, Class and Politics : An Empirical Profile of Social Stratification in Modern India*.Delhi: Manohar Publication.
4. Ghurye,G.S.1969. *Caste and Race in India*, Bombay:Popular.
5. Gupta, Dipankar(ed.).1991. *Social Stratification*, New Delhi:Oxford University Press.
6. Hutton, J.H.1980. *Caste in India-Its Nature, Function and Origin*.New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
7. Kothari, Rajni. 1970. *Caste in Indian Politics*.New Delhi: Orient Longman.
8. Mandelbaum, David, G.1972. *Society in India*.Bombay: Popular.
9. Reissman, Leonard 1969.*Class in American Society*.New York: Free Press.



## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

10. Saberwal, Satish. 1990. *Mobile Men-Limits to Social Change in Urban Punjab*. New Delhi: Manohar Publications.
11. Singh, Harjinder. 1975. *Caste among Non-Hindus in India*. New Delhi: National.
12. Singh, Yogendra. *Sociology of Social Stratification in India-II* (second survey of Research in Sociology), Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
13. Shah, V.P. and B.C. Aggarwal. 1986. *Reservation Policy: Programmes and Issues*. Jaipur. Rawat Publication.
14. Sharma, K.L. 1997. *Social Stratification in India: Issues and Themes*. New Delhi. Sage Publications.
15. Srinivas, M.N. 1972. *Social Change in Modern India*. Bombay: Orient Longman.
16. Tumin, Melvin, M. 1967. *Social Stratification-The Forms and Functions of Inequality*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

**Paper III & IV (Option-1): RURAL DEVELOPMENT****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Rural development: Concept, need and objectives, Rural development: perspectives and contradictions, Rural Development, Colonialism to Post Independence, Agrarian Unrest,

**Section – B**

Rural Development after 1947: Five year plans, Land Reforms, Panchayati Raj.

**Section – C**

Rural Development and social transformation: Community Development, Green Revolution, MNREGA, Participatory approach to Rural Development, Environment and Sustainable rural development.

**Section – D**

Rural Development and Cooperation: Voluntary organizations and Rural Development, Rural Development and Social Tensions, International organizations (WTO), Rural development and exclusions: Poverty, Caste, Policies, Microfinance, Credit and non-farm employment, common property resources (CPR)

**References:**

1. Desai, A. R., 1969. *Rural Sociology in India*. Bombay :Popular Parkashan.
2. Desai, Vasant 1988. *Rural Development*( vol.I to VI).New Delhi: Himalyan Publishing House.
3. Harris, J.1986. *Rural Development*. London:ELBS, Hutchinson.
4. Jodhka, Surinder. (ed.) 2012. *Village Society: Culture Politics and Social Life in Rural India*. Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan.
5. Krishnamurthy.2000. *Rural Development – Challenges and Opportunities*. Jaipur:Rawat Publishers.
6. Mahajan, V.S. 1996. *Agricultural Rural Development & Panchayati Raj*, Vol. I&II. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publication.

- 7.Meeta Rajivlochan.2006. *Farmers' Suicide: Facts and Possible Policy Intervention*.
- 8.P.C. Doshi and Jain (1999). *Rural Sociology*, New Delhi; Rawat.
9. Pune: Yashwantrao Chavan Academy of Development Administration.
10. Pawar S.N. and R.B. Patil.1994. *Problems and Prospects of Development*.New Delhi: Mittal Publications.
11. Rangarajan, Mahesh. 2007. *Environmental Issues in India*. Delhi: Pearson Longman.
12. Sharma, H. R.1995. *Agrarian Relations in India*. New Delhi:Har- Anand Publications.
13. Shukla, A. and B.S. Hansra. 1991. *Social , Economic and Political Implications of Green Revolution*.New Delh: Classical Publishing Company.
14. Singh, Hoshier (ed.).1990. *Rural Development*.Jaipur: Print well Publishers.

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

**Paper III & IV (Option 2): SOCIAL STATISTICS****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section - A**

**Statistics in Social Analysis** - Functions of Statistics in social analysis, Limitations of Statistics, Variables-discrete and continuous, quantitative and qualitative; independent and dependent.

**Levels of measurement:** Nominal, ordinal, interval and Ratio, Measurement and Statistics, Frequency distributions. Graphic Presentation of Data; Histograms, Frequency Polygons and Ogives.

**Section – B****Descriptive Statistics: I**

Central Tendency and Measures of Central tendency: Arithmetic Mean, Median and Mode.

**Section – C****Descriptive statistics: II**

Dispersion and Measures of Dispersion: Range, Quartile, Deviation, Mean Deviation, Variance and Standard Deviation.

**Section – D****Inductive Statistics:**

Statistical inferences: Nominal and Ordinal scales – Chi Square Test, Interval Scales – Z test and t – test. Measures of Association – Spearman's Rank Difference correlation and Pearson's Product Moment correlation.

Note: Due emphasis to be given to interpretation of statistics.

**References:**

1. Blalock, H.M.1972 *Social Statistics*.Tokyo: Mcgraw Hill.
2. Champion, D.I.1970.*Basic Statistics for Social Research*.Tennessees: Chandler Publishing Co.
3. De Vaus, D.A. 1986. *Surveys in Social Research*. London:George Allen and Unwsin.
4. Downie, N.M. and R.W. Heath.1969. *Basic Statistical Methods*. New York:Harper and Row.
5. Meueller,J.R and K.Schusseler.1969. *Statistical Reasoning in Sociology*. New Delhi: Oxford and I.B.H. Publishing Co.
6. Gupta, S. P. 1982. *Statistical Methods*. New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons.

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

**PAPER III – IV (Option 3): URBAN STUDIES****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

City: Concepts, Origin and Development of Cities, City in Historical Epoch: The Pre-Industrial city (Sjoberg) Industrial and Post Industrial Cities,

**Section – B**

Sociological traditions of City: G. Simmel, K Marx, Max Weber and Tonnies, David Harvey.

**Section – C**

Ecological Approach: Human Ecology, Urban Ecology,  
Ecological Theories of Urban growth:

- (a) Burges' Concentric Zone theory
- (b) Hoyt's Sector theory
- (c) Harris and Ullman's Multiple Nuclei Theory.
- (d) Recent advances in Ecological Theory: Social Area Analysis (Shevky and Bell).

**Section – D**

Urban Governance and Preservation, Third World Cities and their Urban Development Issues, Transformation of Urban Social Space, Obstacles in Urban Transformation

**REFERENCES**

1. Bose, Ashish.1973. *Studies in India's Urbanisations 1901-71*. New Delhi: Tata Mcgraw Hill.
2. Bergel E.B.1968. *Urban Sociology*. New York:Green World Press.
3. Gidden, Sjoberg. 1984. *The Pre-industrial City*. Glencore: Free Press.
4. Jayaram N and R.S.Sandhu. 1988. *Housing in India*. Delhi:B.R. Publishing Comp.
5. Kasarda, John D and Alan M Parnell (ed)1993. *Third World Cities- Problems, Policies and Prospects*.London:Sage
6. Kazepov, Yuri (Ed).2005. *Cities of Europe: Changing Contexts Local Arrangements and Challenge to Urban Cohesion*. U. K.: Blackwell Publishing.
7. Kundu, Amitab, B.N. Singh and K.C. Sivaramakrishnan.2005. *A Handbook of Urbanization in India: An Analysis of trends and Processes*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
8. Rao, M.S.A.1992. *Urban Sociology in India*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
9. Sandhu, Jasmeet and Gurpreet Bal. (Ed.) 2013. *Urban Development and Governance: Concerns and Challenges*. New Delhi: Rawat.
10. Sandhu R.S.1989. *The City and its Slums : A Sociological Study*. Amritsar: GNDU Press.
11. Sandhu R.S. and Jasmeet Sandhu.2007. *Globalising Cities: Inequality and Segregation in Developing Countries*. Jaipur: Rawat.
12. Webster, F.2004. *Information Society Reader*. London: Routledge,Taylor and Francis.

## M.A. SOCIOLOGY (FOR COLLEGES) (SEMESTER-III)

**PAPER III – IV (Option 4): Medical Sociology****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Introduction to Medical Sociology: Definition and Scope, Concepts: Health, Disease, The Sick role, Sociological Theories: Durkheim, Goffman, Coley, Max Weber, Foucault and Habermas.

**Section – B**

Sociology in Medicine: Culture and Health, Social etiology of disease, Illness behaviour, Social Pathology, Social and Preventive Medicine.

Sociology of Medicine: Medicine as a profession, Medical training, Primary care and Secondary Care.

**Section – C**

Hospitals as Social Organization: Types of Hospitals, Interpersonal Relationships in Hospital Settings, Role of Primary Health Centres in Health Care Delivery system, Health providers in India.

**Section – D**

Indigenous Medical Practices: Folk medicine Versus Modern Treatment.

**References:**

1. Akram Mohammad (2014): Sociology of Health, Jaipur: Rawat Publications
2. Brown, Phil.(1996): Perspectives in Medical Sociology Illinois: Klaveland Press.
3. Cockerham, William.C. (1997): Medical Sociology, New Jersey: Prentice. Hal Inc.
4. Conrad, Peter et. al. (2000): Handbook of Medical Sociology. New Jersey: Prentice Hal.
5. Coa, R.M. (1970.): Sociology of Medicine, New York: McGraw Hill.
6. Goffman, Erving (1972): Encounters: Two Studies in the Sociology of Interaction, London: Alen Lane.
7. H. Freeman, S. Levinson and L. Reader (eds.)(1972): Handbook of Medical Sociology. New Jersey: Prentice Hal, Inc.
8. Hassan, K. (1967): The Cultural Frontiers of Health in Village India, Bombay: Mankatlas.
9. Mechanic David.(1978): Medical Sociology, London: MacMillan.
10. Merton, Robert K (1961): The Student Physician, Cambridge.
11. Nagla, Madhu(1988): Medical Sociology, Jaipur: Printwell Publisher
12. Nagla, Madhu(1997): Sociology of Medical Profession, Jaipur: Rawat Publications
13. Scambler, Graham (ed. (1987) :Sociological Theory and Medical Sociology. London: Tavistock Publications.
14. Sunder, I& Manickavasagam, B (2007): Medical Sociology: Sanup & sons Publications
15. Thamilarasan, M. (2016): Medical Sociology, Jaipur: Rawat Publications
16. Turner, B.S (2004): The New Medical Sociology: Social forms of Health and Illness, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

**Paper-I: PERSPECTIVES ON INDIAN SOCIETY****Time: 3 Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

Indological : G.S. Ghurye, Louis Dumont.

**Section – B**

Structural–Functional: M.N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube.

**Section – C**

Marxian : D.P. Mukherjee, A.R. Desai

Subaltern: B.R. Ambedkar.

Civilization: N.K. Bose.

**Section – D**

Current challenges of Indian Society: Caste Identity, Patterns of Dalit Contestations, Communalism.

**References:**

1. Ahmad, Imitaz.1972. 'For a Sociology of India', *Contribution to Indian Sociology*, Pp. 172-178.
2. Desai, A.R.1976. *Social background of Indian Nationalism*. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
3. Dumont, Louis. 1970. *Homo Hierarchicus: The Caste System and its Implications*. New Delhi: Vikas.
4. D. Souza, P.R. (ed).2000. *Contemporary India-Transitions*. New Delhi:Sage.
5. Dhanagare D.N.1993. *Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology*. Jaipur: Rawat.
6. Dhanagare D.N.1998. *Themes and Perspectives in Indian Sociology*. New Delhi: Rawat.
7. Dube, S.C.1965. *The Indian Village*. London: Macmillan.
8. Dass, Veena.2004. *Handbook of Indian Sociology*. New Delhi:Oxford University Press.
9. Ghurye, G.S. 1957. *Caste and Class in India*. Bombay: Popular Book Depot.
10. Mukerjee, D.P.1958. *Diversities*, Delhi: People's Publishing House.
11. Nagla, B.K.2008. *Indian Sociological Thought*. Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
12. Srinivias, M.N.1960. *India's Villages*. Bombay: Asia Publishing House.
13. Singh Yogindra.1986. *Indian Sociology:Social Conditioning and Emerging Concerns*. New Delhi:Vistaar Publications.
14. Singh, K.S. 1992. *The People of India – An Introduction*. Calcutta: Seagull books.
15. Singer, Milton.1972. *When A Great Tradition Modernizes*.Delhi: Vikas.
16. Shah, A.M.2004. 'M.N. Srinivas, Maxweber and Functionalism' *Sociological Bulletin* 56 (1):126-133.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

**PAPER II – IV (Option 1): ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

**Concept:** Nature, Environment, and Ecology, Environment and society, Radical and deep Ecology, Concept of Ecofeminism.

**Section – B**

**Development and Environment:** Agricultural Development and Environment, Industrialization and environment, Urbanization and environment.

**Section – C**

**Sustainable development:** Politics of development, socio-cultural critique of sustainable development, Indicators of sustainability

**Section – D**

**State of India's Environment:** Deforestation and People, Dams and displacement.

**Emerging movements:** People's movement for environmental preservation: Chipko & Narmada, Environmental Justice.

**References:**

1. Agarwal, Anil. *The fight for Survival – People's Action for Environmen*. New Delhi: Center for Science and Environment.
2. Centre for Science and Environment: *The State of India's Environment, Second: Citizen Report*. New Delhi: Centre for Science and Environment.
3. Dhaliwal, G.S.1996. *Fundamentals of Environmental Science*. Ludhiana: Kalyani Publishers.
4. Dryzek, John & D. Schlosberg.1998. *Debating the Earth*. New York: Oxford University Press.
5. Gill M.S. and Jasleen Kewlani.2009. *Environmental Conscience: Social, Legal and Judicial Paradigm*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Co.
6. Iyer, K. Gopal.1996. *Sustainable Development*. New Delhi: Vikas.
7. Gill, M.S.(ed.).2003. *Panjab Society: Perspectives and Challenges*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Co.



## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

8. Mahajan.1993. V.S.:*Environment Protection - Challenges and Issues*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publication.
9. Morse and Stocking.1995. *People and Environment*. London: UCL Press.
10. Oommen, T.K. 2006. "Coping with Development Pathologies: Resistance to Displacement," *Sociological Bulletin*, 55, (2).
11. Rangarajan, M. (ed).2007. *Environmental Issues in India: A Reader*. New Delhi:Pearson Longman.
12. Rathore, M.S.1996. *Environment and Development*. Jaipur: Rawat Publication.
13. Shiva, Vandana.1991. *Ecology and Politics of survival*. New Delhi: Sage Publication.
14. Sheth, Pravin.1997. *Environmentalism*. Jaipur: Rawat Publishing House.
15. Singh, Jagbir.2007. *Society, Sustainability and Environment*. New Delhi: Shivalik Prakashan.
16. Singh, Jagbir (ed.).2008. *Bio-diversity, Environment and Sustainability*. New Delhi: MD Publication Pvt. Ltd.
17. Singh, Nag et.al.1993. *Frontiers in Environmental Geography*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
18. Sudarshan and Trivedi.1994. *India, Ecology and Environment*. New Delhi: D.K.Publishers.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

**PAPER II – IV (option 2): URBANIZATION AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

*Theoretical Perspectives:* Urban Primacy, Centre-Periphery Model and Neo-Marxist.

*Urbanization in India:* Trend, Level, Pattern, Regional Disparity, Globalization and Indian Cities.

**Section – B**

*Consequences of urbanization.* Urbanization in Punjab, Impact of Green Revolution on Urbanization

*Urban Development in India:*

Five Year Plans and Urban Development, Pattern and Development of Human Settlements.

**Section – C**

*Urban Planning in India:* Planning Process, The General Plan, Zoning Plan, New Towns in India and Case Study of Chandigarh

**Section – D**

Human Settlements and Habitat Agenda, JNNURM (Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission).

**References:**

1. D'Souza, V.S. 2002. 'Green Revolution and Urbanization in Punjab', in Manzoor Alam and Pokoschshvesky (eds.) *Urbanization Developing Countries*, Hyderabad: Osmania University.
2. Environemnt and Urbanization.2002. *Special Issues on Globalization and Cities*, 14(1).
3. Gallion Arthur B.1969. *The Urban Pattern: The City Planning and Design*. New Delhi:East- West Press.
4. Govt. of India.1988. *Report of the National Commission on Urbanization*. New Delhi: Govt. of India Press.
5. Gilbert A.& Josef Gugler.1992. *Cities, Poverty and Development: Urbanization in the Third World*. Oxford: OUP.
6. Harris, Nigel. 'Globalization and Management of Indian Cities', *EPW*, 38(25):2535-2543.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

7. Kundu, Amitabh, B.N. Singh and K.C. Sivarama Krishnan.2005.*Handbook of Urbanization in India: An Analysis of Trends and Processes*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
8. Kopardekar H.D.1986. *Social Aspect Of Urban Development*. Bombay: Popular Prakashan.
9. Kundu Amitab.2003. 'Urbanisation and Urban Governance:Search for Perspective beyond New-liberalism', *EPW*, 38(29): 3079-87.
10. Misra S.N.1983. *Urbanization and Urban Development in Punjab*. Amritsar: G.N.D.U. Press.
11. Sandhu R.S. Sarup Singh Minhas and Jasmeet Sandhu.2001.*Sustantial Human Settlements : The Asian Experience*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
12. Sandhu, R.S. and Jasmeet Sandhu.2007. *Globalizing Cities: Inequality and Segregation in Developing Countries*. Jaipur: Rawat.
13. Sandhu, R.S.2003. *Urbanization in India: Sociological Contributions*, New Delhi: Sage.
14. Southall, Aidan.2000.*The City : In time and Space*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
15. UNCHS (United Nations Centre for Human Settlements).1997. *Istanbul Declaration and Habitat Agenda*, Nairobi.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

**Paper II - IV (Option 3): SOCIOLOGY OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section – A**

**Concept of Entrepreneurship:** Meaning, Characteristics and Types of Entrepreneur, History of Indian Entrepreneurship, Social Profile of Indian Entrepreneurs

**Section – B**

**Theories of Entrepreneurship:** Max Weber, David C. McClelland, Innovation and Entrepreneurship: Joseph Schumpeter, Peter Drucker.

**Section – C**

**Social Structure and Entrepreneurship:** Community Entrepreneurship– Gujarati, Marwari, Punjabi Khatri and Ramgarhia, Gender and Entrepreneurship, and Scheduled Caste Entrepreneurs.

**Section – D**

**Entrepreneurship Development** through Government initiatives, and EDPs, Indian Entrepreneurs Abroad, Social Entrepreneurship, Globalization and Entrepreneurship.

**REFERENCES**

1. Awasthi, D.N. and Sabestian, J. 1996. *Evaluation of Entrepreneurship Development*. New Delhi: Sage.
2. Bal, Gurpreet. 1998. 'Communities and culture in Entrepreneurship Development in India', *The Journal of Entrepreneurship*, 7, (2).
3. Bal, Gurpreet. 2006. 'Entrepreneurship among Diasporic Communities: A Comparative examination of Patidars of Gujarat and Jats of Punjab', *Journal of Entrepreneurship*. 15,(2).
4. Bal, Gurpreet, 2016. "Understanding Failure of Diaspora Development initiatives in Rural Punjab: Towards Social Entrepreneurship as an Alternative Model" in Paramjit S. Judge (Ed.) *Indian Diaspora: Between Modernity and Tradition*. Jaipur: Rawat.
5. Banker Feroze (ed.). 2000. *Progressive Entrepreneur: Managing Firm and factory as Profit Centre*. New Delhi: Kanishka.
6. Boulton, Chris and Turner, P. 2009. *Mastering Business in Asia: Entrepreneurship*. New Delhi: Wiley-India.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

7. Dahiwale, S.M.1989. *Emerging entrepreneurship among scheduled castes in Contemporary India*. New Delhi: Concept.
8. Dorin, Bruno (ed.).2003. *The Indian Entrepreneur: A Sociological Profile of Businessmen and their practices*. New Delhi: Manohar.
9. Gupta Ashish.1994. *Indian Entrepreneurial Culture: Its many paradoxes*. New Delhi: Wishwa Prakashan.
10. Honour, T.F. and Mainwaring, R.M.1982. *Business and Sociology*. London: Croom Helm.
11. Judge, P.S. and Bal Gurpreet.2009. *Mapping Dalits*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications. Pp.149-181.
12. Kanungo, R.N.1998. *Entrepreneurship and Innovation Models for Development*. New Delhi:Sage.
13. Light Paul C.2008. *The Search for Social Entrepreneurship*. Washington, DC: Brooking Institution Press.
14. Meredith, G.G. et al.1982. *The Practice of Entrepreneurship*. Geneva: ILO.
15. Morse E.A. and Mitchell R.K.2007. *Cases in Entrepreneurship: the Venture Creation Process*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
16. Portes, Alejandro (ed.).1995. *Economic Sociology of Immigration: Essays on Network, Ethnicity and Entrepreneurship*. New York: Russel Sage Foundation.
17. Rathore, B.S. and Dhameja, S.K. (eds.).1999. *Entrepreneurship in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century*. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.
18. Swedberg, Richard (ed.).2000. *Entrepreneurship: The Social Science View*. New Delhi.Oxford University Press.
19. Tripathi, D. and Juman Jyoti. 2007. *The Concise Oxford History of Indian Business*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

## M.A.SOCIOLOGY (SEMESTER-IV)

**PAPER II - IV (Option 4): INDIAN DIASPORA****Time: 3Hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****Instructions for the Paper Setters:-**

Eight questions of equal marks (Specified in the syllabus) are to be set, two in each of the four Sections (A-D). Questions may be subdivided into parts (not exceeding four). Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each Section. The fifth question may be attempted from any Section.

**Section - A**

**Meaning and implications of diaspora** – Approaches to the study of diaspora, scope and significance of diasporic studies.

Historical background: colonial period, post-colonial period.

**Section – B**

Indians in the Caribbean, Fiji, Mauritius.

Punjabis in Canada, the USA and England; and Gujarati diaspora.

Transient diaspora to the Middle East: A General Overview

**Section – C**

**Response to immigration:** Multiculturalism in the West.

Emerging trends in Indian Diaspora: Gender, Illegal Migrations,

**Section -D**

Long distance Nationalism, and Contribution of the Diaspora to the homeland.

**REFERENCES**

1. Helweg, Arthur. 1986. *Sikhs in England*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
2. Jain, Ravindra K. 1993. *Indian communities abroad: themes and perspectives*. New Delhi: Manohar.
3. Judge, Paramjit S. 1994. *Punjabis in Canada: A Study of Formation of An Ethnic Community*. New Delhi: Chanakya Publication.
4. Kurien, George and Ram P. Srivastava (eds.) 1983. *Overseas Indians: A study in Adaptation*. New Delhi: Vikas.
5. Rao, M.S. 1986. *Studies in Migration: Internal and International Migration in India*. Delhi: Manohar.
6. Sheth, Parveen. 2001. *Indians in America: One Stream, Two Waves, Three Generations*. Jaipur: Rawat.
7. Singh I.J. Bahadur (ed.) 1987. *Indians in the Caribbean*. New Delhi: Sterling.
8. *Sociological Bulletin*. 1989. Special Issue on 'Indians Abroad' (Guest Editor: S.L. Sharma), 38(1).
9. Tinker, Hugh. 1977. *The Banyan Tree: Overseas Emigrants from India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
10. Verma, Archana. 2003. *Making of Little Punjab in Canada*. New Delhi: Sage.